GYDAD INTERNATIONAL

Metal Bellows Accumulators

for Heavy-Duty Diesel Engines



1. DESCRIPTION

In the fuel injection system of heavyduty diesel engines (e.g. marine engines and engines for power plants / two and four-stroke), pressure fluctuations are generated during the injection process by the high pressure pumps.

In most heavy-duty diesel engines each cylinder has its own injection pump. During the phases of fuel extraction from the supply line, compression and injection as well as the release of unused fuel into the return line, cyclic pressure pulsations may result.

Example:

600 [rpm] x 8 [cylinders] 60 [s] x 2 [4-stroke] = 40 [Hz]

The supply line and the return line are at a lower pressure than that required for fuel injection and in such dual-pipe systems the above-mentioned pressure fluctuations can cause problems, depending on the size of the pressure variations. It is for this reason that superimposed pressure fluctuations from 0 to approx. 13 bar can occur in a 4.5 bar return line (see the graph at section 2). In other systems pressure peaks of over 50 bar have been measured.

This fluctuating pressure with its unacceptable pressure peaks not only creates an additional stress on the pipe system but also an additional load for all integrated fittings and equipment. Valves, filters, measurement and monitoring devices, e.g. viscosity meters, ... can be seriously impaired, damaged, sometimes even irreparably.

Until now a standard method for reducing or eliminating the pulsations has been to use hydraulic accumulators with nitrogen as the damping element and an elastomer diaphragm or bladder as the separating element between the gas and the fuel. The best damping results may be obtained by installing one damper in the supply line and one in the return line close to the engine. However, standard diaphragm and bladder accumulators have two main limitations:

Problems with elastomer resistance to fuels and high temperatures.

Fuels other than diesel oil, such as bio-oils or heavy fuel oil, require higher injection temperatures. These can reach 160 °C. Even FKM used for the diaphragm or bladder has compatibility problems under such extreme conditions.

Gas loss through the elastomer

The accumulator gradually loses gas through the elastomer and the higher the temperature the higher the gas loss. If it is not possible to recharge the accumulator regularly, its function will deteriorate and the diaphragm or bladder will split.

These last two disadvantages can only be prevented by a relatively high investment in monitoring and maintenance. Depending on the type of fuel and its operating temperature, it can be necessary to replace the elastomer part after specific intervals.

HYDAC set itself the task of developing a pulsation damper without the problems outlined and which above all would also avoid the problems generated by other solutions (e.g. piston accumulators, springtype accumulators, accumulators with elastic damping elements inside). These solutions have problems either with friction and abrasion or fuel leakage. One of the prime targets was to relieve the system operator of the burden of excessive monitoring and maintenance.

The recently developed solution from HYDAC is the Metal Bellows Accumulator. Instead of a bladder or diaphragm, a metal bellows is used as the flexible separating element between fluid and gas. This bellows is resistant to all conventional fuels over a very wide temperature range. Heavy fuel oil at temperatures of up to 160°C is no problem for these dampers. The metal bellows is welded to the other components and is therefore completely gas-tight. It is able to move up and down inside the accumulator without any friction or abrasion and it can operate for a very long time (years) with just one adjustment. Monitoring and maintenance for this type of damper is therefore reduced to a minimum.

A diverting block is built into the fuel side of the damper which forces the fuel directly into the accumulator, thereby increasing the damping efficiency considerably. If two dampers are fitted to the fuel system (in both supply and return line), no pressure fluctuations can leave the engine before passing through one of the metal bellows dampers.

With this metal bellows accumulator, HYDAC has developed a competitivelypriced damper which is unrivalled in terms of maintenance. The purchase costs will be recouped within a short time and as a result of reduced maintenance, the availability of the entire system is increased.

For further benefits, see below:

1.1. BENEFITS OF THE SM50P-...

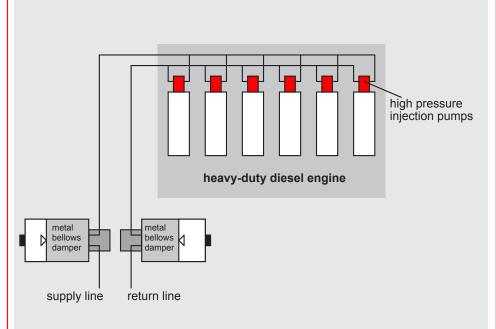
- Maintenance-free

 extremely gas-tight
 frictionless parts (non-wearing)
- Fluid resistant across whole temperature range
- Cost-effective: "fit and forget"

PRESSURE GRAPH 2. 14 13 12 11 line [bar] ⁶ 11 return 8 $\Delta p = 0.5 ba$ 7 pressure in the 6 5 2 0 0.05 0,1 0.15 0.2 0.25 0.3 0.35 0.4 0.45 0.5 0 time [sec] green = without damper blue = with damper

3. INSTALLATION OF THE SM50P-...

3.1. DIAGRAM



3.2. MODEL

3-D standard model, e.g. for inline installation.



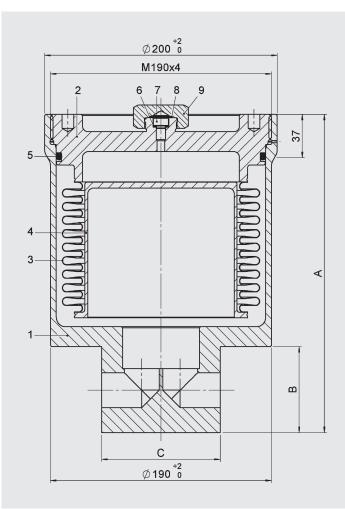
Special connections on request

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4.	TECHNICAL	4.2. MODEL CODE								
	SPECIFICATIONS	Not all combinations are possible.								
	TECHNICAL DATA	Order example. For further information, please contact HYDAC.								
3 1	ating pressure: 2 bar (others on request)	<u>SM50</u> P – <u>0,5</u> W E <u>1/ 116</u> U – <u>50 AAJ</u> – <u>2,5</u>								
	pre-charge pressure: (at max. operating temperature)	Series								
Design temperature range: -10 °C +160 °C										
Opera Diese	ating fluids: I and heavy fuel oil, biofuels	Type code = accumulator without diverting block*								
Total 3.8 lit	volume: res	L = light-weight accumulator* P = damper with diverting block								
	tive gas volume: re (nitrogen)									
0.6 lit	side fluid pre-charge: re (ethylene glycol)	Capacity [I]								
	u ating volumes: 0.04 litres (others on request)	Version								
Mate		W = convoluted bellows								
Desig	n steel (primed externally) i n and Approval: ABS / DNV / GL /	M = diaphragm bellows*								
	BV / AS1210 /	Type of shell								
	connection:	A = screw type								
SAE SAE SAE		E = weld type* G = formed type*								
	connection: 1.5 for Universal Charging and	Type of gas side connection								
Testin	g Unit FPU-1	Type of gas-side connection 1 = gas pressure adjustable (M28x1.5)								
	lo.: 3398235 ting position:	2 = gas pressure pre-set, non-adjustable gas locking screw* 3 = gas pressure adjustable (M16x1.5)								
Vertic	ting position: al (gas connection at top) s on request	3 – gas pressure adjustable (MT6x1.5)								
Weig	nt:	Material code								
size	33 kg depending on the connection	Fluid connection								
		1 = carbon steel 2 = carbon steel with corrosion protection 3 = stainless steel								
		Accumulator shell								
		1 = carbon steel 2 = carbon steel with corrosion protection 4 = stainless steel								
		Seal material								
		0 = no seal								
		2 = NBR* 5 = low temperature NBR* 6 = FKM								
		Certification code U = European Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)								
		Permitted operating pressure [bar]								
		Fluid connection See tables in catalogue section 3.301, Piston Accumulators								
		Pre-charge pressure p ₀ [bar] at 20 °C, must be stated clearly, if required!								
		* currently only on request								

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4.3. DIMENSIONS



Item	Description
1	Accumulator lower section
2	Accumulator cover plate
3	Metal bellows
4	Bowl
5	O-ring
6	Seal ring
7	Adjustable locking screw
8	O-ring
9	Protective cap

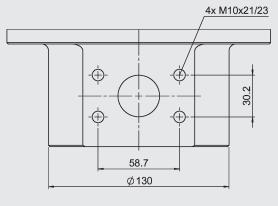
4.4. ACCUMULATOR CONNECTION

	Dimension [mm]			
	SAE 1 1/4" (FCD)*	SAE 2" (FCF)	SAE 3" (FCH)	
А	274	294	333	
В	74	94	134	
С	102	120	133	

* FCD = formerly AD

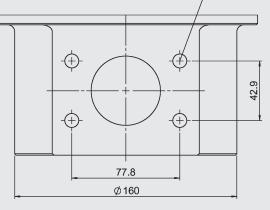
SM50P-3.8A6/116...FCD

SAE 1 1/4" – 3000 psi



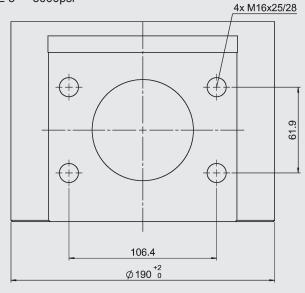
SM50P-3.8A6/116...FCF SAE 2" – 3000 psi

4x M12x22/25



SM50P-3.8A6/116...FCH

SAE 3" – 3000psi



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4.5. FLOW RATES / TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCY

Series SM50P		Bore	Max. flow rate	Weight	A	Ext. diam.
Flange SAE [inch] - 3000 psi		[mm]	Q _{max} [m³/h]	[kg]	[mm]	Da [mm]
1 1/4	FCD	30	< 8	22	274	
2	FCF	50	8 - 21	25	294	200
3	FCH	73	> 21	33	333	

L1

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4.6. BUTT WELD AND SOCKET WELD FLANGES

3000 psi Pressure: Seal: FKM

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90.5

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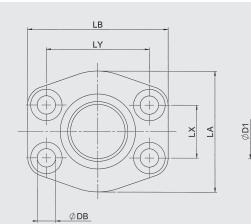
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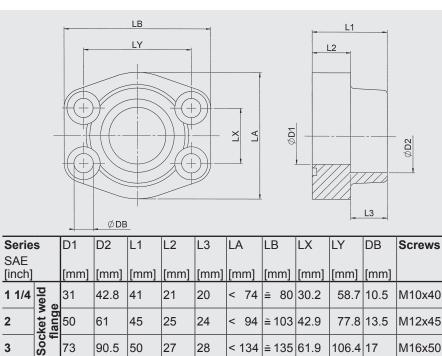
< 134 ≅ 135 61.9

106.4 17

M16x50



Serie	es	D1	D2	L1	L2	L3	LA	LB	LX	LY	DB	Screws
SAE												
[inch]		Ilmm]	[[mm]	l[mm]	I[mm]	[[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[[mm]	[[mm]	
1 1/4		-	42.8	41	21	3	< 74	≅ 80	30.2	58.7	10.5	M10x40
2	150	50	61	45	25	5.5	< 94	≅ 103	42.9	77.8	13.5	M12x45
3	Bu	73	89	50	27	8	< 134	≅ 135	61.9	106.4	17	M16x50
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5. NOTE

The information in this brochure relates to the operating conditions and applications described.

For applications and/or operating conditions not described, please contact the relevant technical department. Subject to technical modifications.

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